

Knowledge Organiser - English

Key Vocabulary

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| protagonist | A protagonist is a character within a story who is the hero. |
| antagonist | An antagonist is a character within a story who is a baddy. |
| word families | A group of words with a common root word which prefixes or suffixes can be added to. |
| dialogue | A conversation between two or more characters, this can be spoken or written in a script. |
| couplets | Couplets are two lines in a poem which are consecutive they usually rhyme and are the same length. |
| rhyme | These can be two or more words that end in the same sound that rhyme with one another. |
| syllables | A syllable is a single, unbroken sound of a spoken (or written) word. Syllables usually contain a vowel and accompanying consonants. Sometimes syllables are referred to as the 'beats' of spoken language. |
| purpose | The reason why something is done or created, |

Key Facts - Preforming Poetry

Poetry comes in different styles and include different features such as:

- **metaphors**
- **onomatopoeia**
- **similes**
- **rhyming words**
- **Personification**

The one thing they all have in common is how they should be performed. Performing a poem is just like performing any type of script or reading a book allowed it must be from performed an interesting and exciting manner.

Performance Poetry Checklist:

- Volume
- Pace
- Pauses
- Expression
- Different voices
- Background sounds
- Body positions



Key Facts - Narrative

A narrative is a type of story which can be spoken or written in chronological order. In includes specific characters, such as, a protagonists and an antagonist. In addition to the characters, each narrative will have a plot or event.



Success Criteria for Narrative Writing

- ✓ I will include a beginning, a middle and an ending.
- ✓ I will create a setting by writing about who, what, where and when.
- ✓ I will create a problem.
- ✓ I will solve the problem.
- ✓ I will include details and descriptions.
- ✓ I will write a satisfying ending.

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Key Facts - Discussions

Discussions represent both sides of an argument. They are balanced and can be written for anybody who wants to know all the facts about particular topic.

Features of a Balanced Argument

Purpose:

To present arguments and information from differing viewpoints.

Structure:

- ✓ Introduction – what is the argument text going to be about?
- ✓ Arguments for the issue (with supporting evidence).
- ✓ Arguments against the issue (with supporting evidence).
- ✓ Conclusion and summary.

Language Features:

- ✓ Impersonal voice – Keep own opinions out of argument.
- ✓ Usually written in present tense.
- ✓ Written in 3rd person (people might think).
- ✓ Includes logical connectives to link ideas (therefore, however)

