## Properties of Shape

## Key Vocabulary

angle

right angle

#### reflex obtuse

acute

### protractor

## horizontal

#### vertical

## parallel

## perpendicular

### polygon

#### regular irregular

## two-dimensional

#### flat face three-dimensional

## curved surface

#### edge curved edge

#### vertex

#### apex

# Regular and Irregular Polygons

Regular
Irregular

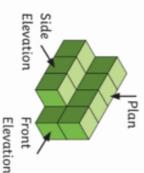
straight lines A polygon is any two-dimensional shape formed with

In a regular polygon, all the sides and angles are equal

not equal In an irregular polygon, the sides and angles are

## Representations

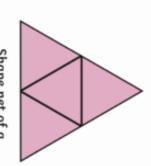
using different elevations as 2D representations Cube models can be drawn



		levation _
tetrahed	Shape ne	<u> </u>

Side Elevation

A shape net is a 2D drawing the edges of the faces meet. When you are drawing or of an unfolded 3D shape. think carefully about where reasoning about shape nets,



Plan

Front

let of a dron.

# **Knowledge Organiser**

Properties of 3D Shapes

No.	Surfaces	aces	Edges	ges	Vertices	D.
Mante	Flat	Curved	Flat	Curved	Actitices	ricture
sphere	0	1	0	0	0	
cube	6	0	12	0	00	
cuboid	6	0	12	0	00	
cone	1	1	0	1	0	
cylinder	2	1	0	2	0	
square-based pyramid	5	0	00	0	5	
tetrahedron	4	0	6	0	4	
triangular prism	5	0	9	0	6	
pentagonal prism	7	0	15	0	10	8
hexagonal prism	00	0	18	0	12	8
octagonal prism	10	0	24	0	16	9
octahedron	00	0	12	0	6	<b></b>

point where two straight edges meet and a cone has A cone has an apex. This is because a vertex is the no straight edges.

# Perimeter and Area

Key Vocabulary

# Measure Perimeter

## Calculate Perimeter Knowledge Organiser

metre

kilometre

perimeter

length

width

rectangle

rectilinear

dimensions

Measure the perimeter of a rectangle:



Measure the length (I) and width (w).

Perimeter = 
$$l + w + l + w$$
 or  $(l + w) \times 2$ 

Measure the perimeter of regular shapes:



on the shape. count the number of sides (s) Measure the length (l) and

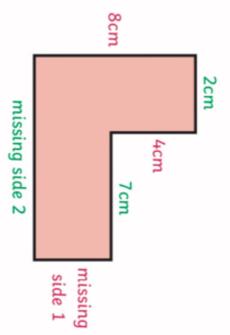
Measure the perimeter of irregular shapes:

Perimeter =  $l \times s$ 



together. Measure the length of each side and add them

> shape to find the perimeter: Calculate the missing sides of this rectilinear



\* This shape is not drawn to the dimensions specified

Missing side 1 + 4cm = 8cm, so missing side 1 = 4cm.

Missing side 2 = 2cm + 7cm = 9cm

2cm + 4cm + 7cm + 4cm + 9cm + 8cm = 34cmPerimeter = sum of all sides =