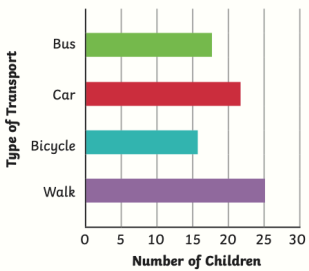


Frequency Tables

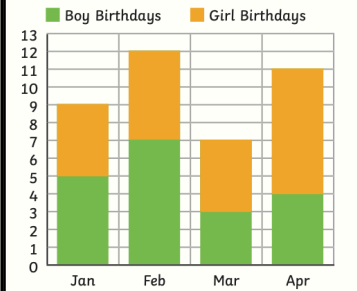
Eye Colour	Tally	Frequency
brown		6
blue		8
green		3
grey		4
hazel		5

Bar Graphs

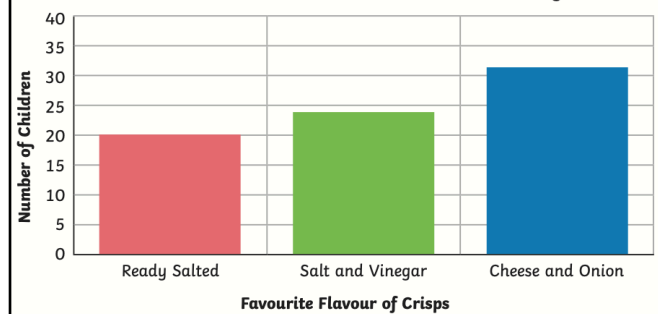
The bars are horizontal on this bar chart.



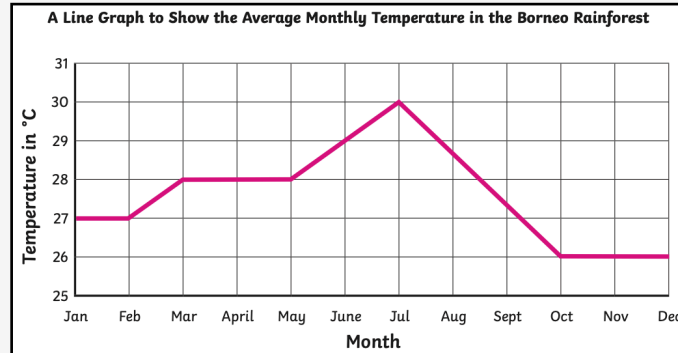
Two sets of data are shown on this stacked bar chart.



The scale on this bar chart counts in fives.



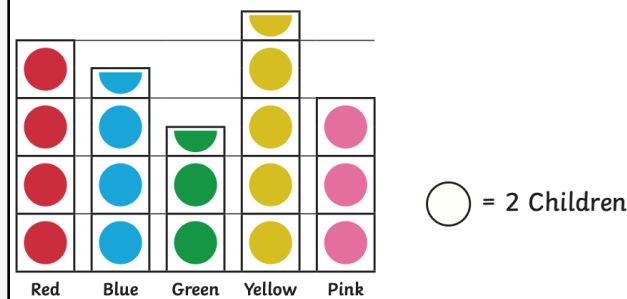
Line Graphs



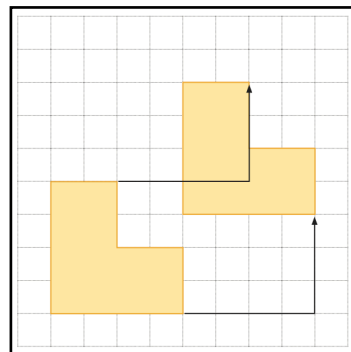
Time graphs show how data changes over time.

Pictograms

Class 10's Favourite Colours



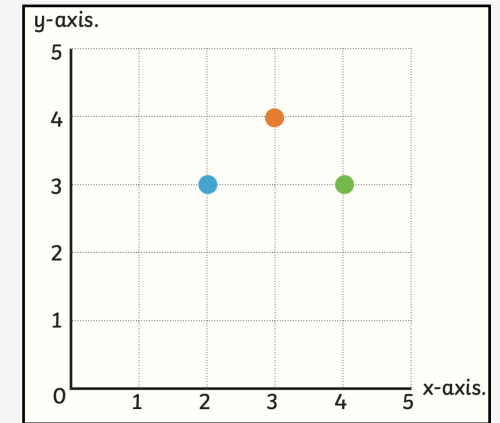
Pictograms use symbols or pictures to represent data.



Translation means moving an object on a grid. The object is moved without changing the size, turning or reflecting it.

When translating an object on a grid, it can move up or down, left or right.

Line Graphs



Time graphs show how data changes over time.

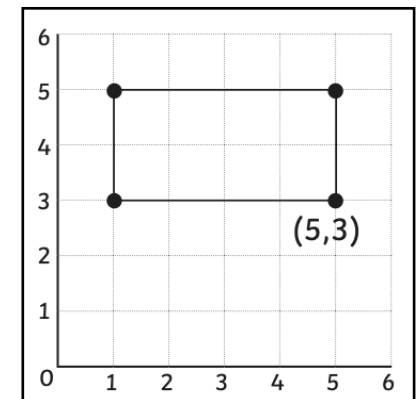
Coordinates are a useful way to locate a position on a map or grid.

The numbers across the horizontal line of the grid are on the x-axis.

The numbers on the vertical line of the grid are on the y-axis.

We always read or write the number on the x-axis before the y-axis.

The coordinates of the blue spot is **(2,3)**.



Each vertex of a 2D polygon can be represented as a coordinate on a 2D grid.